

Japanese
Technology

Toward a New Stage with Higher Performance!

Seaweed Bio Stimulant

Ascophyllum Nodosum from Norway

Rameo2, RameoEX2

- Special Seaweed Cream Blended -

Rich Sea Weed Component
Amino acid and Betaine amounts
Confirmed like Cytokinin activity.

★ Components (%)

	Seaweed Cream	N	P	K	Mg	Mn	B	Fe	Cu	Zn	Mo
Rameo2	20.0	-	10.0	6.0	1.0	0.20	1.0	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.10
RameoEX2	5.0	-	4.0	3.0	2.0	0.20	1.0	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.10

★ Properties

Green liquid / Specific gravity: 1.25 / pH:5.8(Solution diluted by 500)

■ Features of Rameo2 and RameoEX2

- (1) Rameo is a Seaweed-based liquid Bio Stimulant, and the Special Seaweedcream of Rameo contains high concentration *Ascophyllum nodosum* as active ingredient.
In addition to components, it contains rich Amino acids, Alginic acid, Polysaccharides, Vitamins, Nucleic acids, Enzymes, plant hormone-like substances (Cytokinin), and Betaines.
- (2) The synergistic effect of the Bio stimulant components(from Seaweed) and the well-balanced natural components have excellent effects in promoting growth, increasing yield, and improving quality.
It is also effective for deficiencies of different minor elements.
- (3) Rameo 2 and RameoEX2 are effective when used mainly in reproduction period because the nitrogen is free.

<Cautions>

- Natural components derived from materials may float/precipitate, which has no impact on the quality or components of the product.
 - Shake well before use.
 - Avoid contact with the skin due to acidity. In case of contact with skin, immediately wash thoroughly with soap.
 - Avoid contact with eyes due to acidity. In case of contact with eyes, flush immediately for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention/advice.
 - If swallowed, give plenty of water and induce vomiting. Seek medical attention/ advice immediately.
 - Spray in cool morning or evening, avoiding daytime in mid of summer or dry season.
 - If using with other agricultural chemicals, dilute before adding Agro chemicals.
 - This product does not contain spreader.
 - Once calcium deficiency has manifested, cells will not recover. Spray at early stage, before it is too late.
 - Spray a sufficient amount on fruits, new leaves, growing points, and heading parts that are prone to calcium deficiency.
 - Mixing with lime sulfur mixtures may generate toxic gas. Avoid mixing.
- Storage: To store, close the container using the air-tight stopper. Avoid direct sunlight. Do not store near food. Keep in a cool, dry place, and out of reach of children.
Prepare only the necessary amount of chemical liquid, and use up the prepared solution. Do not leave empty bottles in a field, etc.; dispose of them properly.

Prepare only the necessary amount of chemical liquid, and use up the prepared solution. Do not leave empty bottles in a field, etc.; dispose of them properly.

★ Read the label before use. ★ Keep out of reach of children.

Tokyo / Japan



Nisso Green Co.,Ltd.

< Japanese Label >

Usage

Concentration of use: Dilute by 500 to 1,000.

The amount of liquid to spray is the same as for general agricultural chemicals.

Rameo 2

Target crops	Fertilizer effect	Timing of application and usage
Apples, persimmons, pears, peaches, Japanese plums, kiwis	Fruit growth, promotes hardness, promotes coloring/sugar content, improves storage life, reduces alternate year bearing	Spray two or three times every 10 to 20 days from the initial fruit growing stage.
Cherries	Fruit growth, promotes coloring, promotes sugar content, recovers tree vigor	Spray two times, at two weeks and four weeks after the flower shedding.
Grapes	Improves pollination properties, reduces seedless fruit, increases fruiting numbers, fruit growth, promotes sugar content, promotes coloring	Spray four times in total, in the five to six true leaf stages, before blooming, in the petal shedding stage, and in the juvenile fruit stage.
Mandarin oranges	Promotes coloring, promotes sugar content, fruit fullness, improves storage life, reduces alternate year bearing.	Spray two times every 10 days from the initial fruit growing stage (at the size of a golf ball).
Iyokan (Citrus iyo)	Reduces pericarp damage, improves quality.	Spray regularly every month from two or three months prior to the harvest.
Strawberries, melons, watermelons, squashes, and other fruits and vegetables	Promotes vertical fruit growth, promotes sugar content, improves quality, prevents excessive vine growth.	Spray three times, every week from the initial blooming stage.
Red beans, green soybeans, kidney beans, peas, soybeans, peanuts	Grain fullness, increases yield.	Spray two times, once after the flower shedding and once in the juvenile pod stage.
Beets	Increases total sugar amount.	Spray two times every two weeks in the ripening stage.
Asparagus	Promotes next-year germination through fullness of the stem, leaf, and root parts.	Spray two or three times, semi-monthly from the leaf growing stage.
Chrysanthemums	Improves cold resistance, improves leaf quality, fullness of root spreading.	Spray monthly from the start of autumn. (Spray Rameo No. 1 in spring and summer.)

Tokyo / Japan



Nisso Green Co., Ltd.